

## B.Tech Even Semester (CBCS) Exam., April—2017

## AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

## ( 4th Semester )

Course No. : AECC-14

## ( Watershed Hydrology )

Full Marks : 50Pass Marks : 15

Time : 2 hours

Note : 1. Answer any **five** questions.

2. Begin each answer in a new page.

3. Answer parts of a question at a place.

4. Assume reasonable data wherever required.

5. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. (a) What is consistency of rainfall record? Explain the procedure to test the consistency. 5

(b) Determine the ideal and acceptable number of rain gauge stations for a catchment of (i) mountainous catchment of temperate climate with 1500 km<sup>2</sup> and (ii) flat region of temperate climate with 1120 km<sup>2</sup>. 5

2. Develop a 30 min SCS triangular unit hydrograph for a watershed of area 550 ha and time of concentration of 50 min. 10

3. (a) Define rain gauge and differentiate the recording and non-recording type rain gauge. 6

(b) Calculate the value of missing rainfall of station X, based on the following observation data recorded at neighbouring stations : 4

| Station                    | X     | Y     | Z     | O     |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Storm rainfall, cm         | —     | 10.5  | 14.0  | 15.5  |
| Normal annual rainfall, cm | 105.0 | 120.0 | 150.0 | 155.0 |

4. (a) Define mean areal precipitation. Describe the isohyetal method for computing the mean areal precipitation of a watershed. 5

(b) Compute the value of mean areal rainfall of the following data by Thiessen polygon method : 5

| Station                       | A   | B   | C   | D    | E    |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| Rainfall, cm                  | 10  | 25  | 35  | 22.5 | 16.2 |
| Polygon area, km <sup>2</sup> | 175 | 300 | 100 | 250  | 150  |

| Station                       | F    | G   | H   | I   |
|-------------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Rainfall, cm                  | 13.5 | 25  | 30  | 45  |
| Polygon area, km <sup>2</sup> | 320  | 400 | 280 | 450 |

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5. (a) Describe the rational method of runoff computation. 4
- (b) Determine the peak runoff likely to be generated from a watershed if : curve number of watershed is 70; rainfall depth due to given storm is 10 cm; area of watershed is 250 ha; maximum length and average slope of water course is 1500 m and 0.4, respectively. 6
6. (a) Describe and formulate the expression of direct runoff using curve number method. 5
- (b) Determine the initial loss and retention capacity of a watershed if its curve number is 75. Also, find the retention capacity of paved surface of a watershed. 5
7. A catchment of 200 ha area has rainfalls of 7.5 cm, 2.0 cm and 5.0 cm in three consecutive days. The average index can be assume to be 2.5 cm/day. Distribution graph percentages of the surface runoff which extended over 6 days for every rainfall of 1 day duration are 5, 15, 40, 25, 10 and 5. Determine the ordinates of the discharge hydrographs by neglecting the base flow. 10

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8. Briefly write down the following :  $2\frac{1}{2}\times 4=10$
- (a) Assumptions of unit hydrograph
- (b) Methods of base flow separation
- (c) Synthetic unit hydrograph
- (d) Instantaneous unit hydrograph

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