

PG (CBCS) EVEN SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2023

PHYSICS

2nd Semester

Course No. : PHYCC - 202

(Quantum Mechanics - II)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(Answer five questions, taking one from each unit)

UNIT - I

1. (a) A system with a non-degenerate Hamiltonian (H_0) is perturbed by a time independent Hamiltonian (H'). Find the expression of the wavefunction and the energy of the system up to second order approximate. 10
- (b) A linear harmonic oscillator is perturbed by $H' = cx$, where c is a constant. Estimate the energy of the n^{th} oscillator level up to second order perturbation. 4
2. (a) Obtain Fermi's golden rule as the total

(Turn Over)

(2)

transition probability per unit time under a time-dependent perturbing Hamiltonian. 8

- (b) Obtain the transition probability for a perturbation on a system that is harmonically dependent on time. 6

UNIT - II

- 3. Explain the WKB approximation method and obtain the transmission and reflection probability for a particle crossing a potential well. 5 + 9 = 14
- 4. (a) Explain briefly the variational method and its uses. 5
- (b) Estimate the ground state energy of helium using variational method. 9

UNIT - III

- 5. Using Green's function technique, solve the Schrodinger equation for scattering problem. Hence obtain the scattering amplitude in the first Born approximation. 14
- 6. Using partial wave analysis, show that the total scattering cross section (σ_T) is given by

$$\sigma_T = \frac{4\pi}{k^2} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} (2l + 1) \sin^2 \delta_l$$

where the symbols have their usual meanings. 14

(3)

UNIT - IV

- 7. (a) Obtain the Klein-Gordon equation as a relativistic wave equation and discuss its shortcomings. 6
- (b) Obtain the Dirac equation as a satisfactory relativistic wave equation. Discuss the properties of the Dirac matrices. 8
- 8. Derive the plane wave solution for Dirac equation. 14

UNIT - V

- 9. State and prove Noether's theorem. Using the theorem, show that translational symmetry leads to the conservation of energy-momentum for scalar field. 2 + 7 + 5 = 14
- 10. Using the canonical commutation relations between the field operator of a real scalar field and its conjugate momentum operator derive the commutation relations between the creation and annihilation operators. Hence quantize the real scalar field. 14
