

**PG (CBCS) EVEN SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2023**

**ECONOMICS**

4th Semester

Course No. : ECOCC - 405

**( State of Agriculture in India )**

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

*(Answer any five, selecting one from each unit)*

UNIT - I

1. State the features of the trends of agricultural growth in India since Independence. Give an overview of the status of regional variations of agricultural growth in India. 5+9=14
  
2. (a) What are the different types of cropping patterns in India? Discuss the factors influencing cropping patterns in the country. 4+4=8
  
- (b) Which type of soil is suitable for growing (i) tea, coffee and rubber and (ii) coconut and cashew nuts? Are saline/alkaline soils good for crop cultivations? Discuss. 2+2+2=8

*( Turn Over )*

( 2 )

UNIT - II

3. Outline the imperfections related to labour, land, credit and product markets in rural India. Write down the implications of rural market imperfections for agricultural productivity. 10+4=14
4. Discuss the nature and extent of rental market for agricultural capital goods in India. What are its contributions to the agricultural sector of the country? 5+9=14x

UNIT - III

5. Analyze the extent and trend of agricultural labour use in India. Critically discuss the impact of MGNREGA on the rural labour market. 6+8=14
6. Write notes on the following : 7+7=14
- (a) Public Distribution System of India
- (b) Capital formation in Indian agriculture.

UNIT - IV

7. "Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade negotiations mark a significant turning point in the world trade in agriculture". Elucidate the statement in view of Agreement on Agriculture. Discuss the impact of the agreement on Indian agricultural trade. 8+6=14

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8. (a) Write a note on Peace Clause of WTO. 5
- (b) Discuss the impact of globalization on Indian agriculture.

UNIT - V

9. What do you mean by climate change? How can it affect global agriculture differently? Discuss the impact of climate change on Indian agriculture drawing empirical evidence. 2+2+10=14
10. What are the causes of agrarian distress in India? Discuss, suggest some policy options in this regard. 10+4=14

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