Prove the following commutators :

- (a) $[\hat{L} \pm, \hat{R} \pm] = \pm 2\hbar \hat{z}$ and (b) $[\hat{L} \pm, \hat{R}_{\pm}] = 0$
- (c) What do you mean Clebsch-Gordan coefficients? 4
- 10. Conisder the case where j = 1 14
 - (a) Find the matrices representing the operators $\vec{j}^2, \hat{j}_z, \hat{j}_{\pm}, \hat{j}_x$ and \hat{j}_y .
 - (b) Find the joint eigenstates of \vec{J}^2 and \vec{J}_z and verify that they form an orthonormal and complete basis.

PG (CBCS) ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2022

PHYSICS

1st Semester

Course No. : PHYCC - 103 (Quantum Mechanics-I)

> Full Marks : 70 Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(Answer any five questions, taking one from each unit)

<u>UNIT - I</u>

1. (a) State and prove Ehrenfest's theorem. 10

- (b) State the postulates of quantum mechanics.4
- 2. (a) Show that the maximum kinetic energy transferred to a proton when hit by a photon of frequency ν is given by

$$Kinetic \ energy = \frac{h\nu}{\left[1 + m_p \ c^2/2h\nu\right]}$$

where m_p , c & h are mass of proton, speed of light and planck's constant respectively. 6

- (b) Discuss the Eintein's explanation of photoelectric effect.
- (c) What is de Broglie's hypothesis. 2

<u>UNIT - II</u>

- 3. Obtain Schroedinger's (i) time-dependent (ii) timeindependent equations for matter waves. Discuss the physical significance of wave function. 14
- 4. A particle is moving in a one-dimensional potential given by 14
 - $V = 0 \quad \text{for } x < 0$
 - $V = V_0$ for $x \ge 0$
 - (a) Write down the Schroedinger wave equation for the particle and solve it.
 - (b) Calculate the transmittance & reflectance for the case (i) $E > V_0$ and (ii) $0 < E < V_0$, where *E* is the total energy of the particle.

<u>UNIT - III</u>

- 5. (a) State and prove generalized ucertainty principle. 10
 - (b) Derive Heisenberg's uncertainty relation by using generalized uncertainty principle.

6. Explain Heisenberg, Schroedinger and interaction pictures in quantum mechanics. 14

<u>UNIT - IV</u>

- 7. (a) Explain infinitesimal and finite unitary transformations. 7
 - (b) Let U be a transformation matrix which connects two complete and orthonormal bases $\{|\phi_n >\}$ and $\{|\phi'_n >\}$. Show that U is unitary. 7
- 8. (a) Establish a connection between the position and momentum representation. 7
 - (b) State and prove Parseval's theorem. 3
 - (c) Describe the matrix representation of an operator. 4

<u>UNIT - V</u>

- 9. (a) Obtain the commutation relations satisfied by the orbital angular momentum operators \hat{L}_x , \hat{L}_y and \hat{L}_z .
 - (b) If $\hat{L} \pm and \hat{R} \pm are$ defined by $\hat{L} \pm = \hat{L}_x \pm i \hat{L}_y$ and $\hat{R} \pm = \hat{x} \pm i \hat{y}$